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WHOLE NUMBER 354.

KENTUCKY NEWS

An Epitome of Most Important Events Transpiring in the State

Louisville.—The Board of Trade was in charge of the reception given the First Kentucky Regiment, which recently arrived home from the border.

Frankfort.—Round table discussion of the thyroid gland was the principal subject given attention at the regular monthly meeting of the County Medical Society.

Franklin.—The grand jury, in a report to Judge John S. Rhea, praised the condition of the county's almshouse and other public institutions. A total of 28 indictments was returned.

Frankfort.—Captain Frank L. Rippey, of Lawrenceburg, was appointed lieutenant colonel of the Second Regiment of the Kentucky National Guard by President Wilson. He succeeds Lieutenant Colonel John H. Webb, of Whitesburg. Lieutenant Colonel Webb resigned.

Lexington.—While trying to catch a train for Cincinnati Holman Hoover and Robert Gullett, seventeen-year-old boys, were arrested by local detectives. The former on a warrant charging theft of money from his employer and the latter on a charge of carrying concealed weapons.

Frankfort.—Assistant Secretary of State James A. Scott returned from Pike county in the role of Deputy Sheriff, having in custody Mousie Robinson, who killed her husband in a mining camp in Pike county and was sentenced to serve eight to twenty-one years in the reformatory. He turned her over to Warden Phyllman.

Columbia.—The Adair Fiscal Court, after an all-day session, considering propositions for road work, finally decided to extend the fund for work on the Columbia and Jamestown road, the citizens on that road having contributed \$2,500. The county tax and state aid will make \$8,000 or \$10,000 to be expended on this road.

Whitesburg.—Large freight yards will be constructed in a few weeks at the mouth of Colly Creek, three miles from Whitesburg, by the L. & N. railroad in order to increase the tonnage in the coal fields of Kentucky. It is reported. Double tracks will be constructed from Whitesburg to the coal fields, sixteen miles distant.

Henderson.—The Royal Neighbors of America, in annual session here, elected Mrs. Sid Douthett, of Newcastle, state orator; Mrs. Lula Linton, Fulton, vice orator; Mrs. Mary Pilkington, Elizabethtown, state recorder; Mrs. Lizzie Carter, Mayfield, and Mrs. Amanda Smith, Somerset, were chosen delegates to the Supreme Camp at Buffalo. Louisville was chosen for the state camp next year.

Bowling Green.—George W. Mottley, one of the substantial citizens of Warren county, is the proud possessor among other relics, of a pair of saddle pockets made by his grandfather Isaac Goodnight, said to have been the first white male child born in Kentucky. The "pockets" were made by Mr. Goodnight during the latter years of his life, and are still in a good state of preservation.

Lexington.—When L. C. Bowen returned to Lexington after a day trying to run down "Night Riders" who are suspected of having attempted the destruction of the tollhouse at a bridge across the Licking river, on the road between Flemingsburg and Mt. Sterling, he said his bloodhounds trailed to a point where two saddle horses and a horse hitched to a buggy were tied to a fence on a road leading down stream, about a mile from the bridge.

Whitesburg.—Coal interests of the Harlan county field are getting ready to construct a branch railroad, a feeder of the Louisville & Nashville road, from Kilday to Seagraves Creek, a distance of eight miles, which will open a rich, undeveloped field containing thousands of acres. This property carries at least three workable seams, including the main Harlan seam, which is seven feet thick and has coal of a fine quality.

Lexington.—A suit to compel the Kentucky Traction and Terminal Company to issue to the students of Hamilton College the same reduced fares that are granted to students of the University of Kentucky, state normal schools, public and parochial schools, under the anti-pass law, has been filed here by J. L. Tarlton. The company contends that under the law it has no authority to accord reduced rates to Hamilton College students.

Harlan.—The postoffice here was entered by yeggs, who dynamited the safe and obtained \$75 in cash and stamps worth \$90. No clew has been found which in any way indicates who was responsible for the robbery.

Hopkinsville.—The Rev. Barney Butler, 40 years old, died of tuberculosis of the throat in a sanatorium at El Paso, Tex. He was a Methodist missionary for many years in Mexico and South America, and for the past year has been engaged in evangelistic work in southern states.

Paris.—At a meeting of the directors of the Bourbon Tobacco Warehouse Co., "consolidated" here, a dividend of 11 per cent was declared.

Stanford.—Stanford's handsome courthouse, built five years ago, has been damaged by fire. The blaze started on the second floor. The loss is about \$10,000.

Hopkinsville.—Lightning struck a barn on J. J. Price's farm near Fairview and killed two mules. Lightning also struck Winfield O'Brien's stable near town and killed a mule.

Lexington.—Lady Walnut Hill has just laid her seventy-sixth egg in as many consecutive days. She is at the Kentucky Experiment Station, where she is in the federal egg-laying contest.

Danville.—A movement is on foot in this city to erect in McDowell Park a monument in bronze or marble to perpetuate the name of Theodore O'Hara, who was born here in 1820. It is proposed to raise by popular subscription a fund sufficient to erect a creditable memorial.

Lexington.—The Executive Committee of the University of Kentucky Board of Trustees approved the proposal to establish at the university a reserve officers' training corps under the provisions of the Federal Defense Act. Capt. John C. Fairfax, U. S. A., commandant at the university, will be in charge.

Albany.—Taylor Polson, about 75 years old, a veteran of the Union army, is charged with killing his stepson, Thomas Parmley, 19 years old, at Nora, in this county. Polson was arrested and is being guarded at his home, where he is recovering from an attack of illness and is, as yet, unable to come to town.

Paris.—In the Bourbon Circuit Court Ella Walters and George Cravens, who were jointly indicted on the charge of housebreaking and stealing a lot of brass from the Paris Gas & Electric Co., were each sentenced to serve three years in the penitentiary. The Walters woman is the first white woman to be sent to the penitentiary from Bourbon county in over twenty years.

Frankfort.—Rodman Wiley, Commissioner of the Department of Public Roads, has written a letter to all County Judges in Kentucky, asking that in building gravel or macadam roads this year material be left every 1,000 feet along the road to be used for maintenance. Mr. Wiley points out that this would effect a great saving in the cost of maintaining roads that are built new or reconstructed.

Louisville.—Many Kentucky distillers are watching with unusual interest the outcome of a suit in the federal court here by Albert Casey, administrator of the state, suing for the benefit of the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company to recover from J. Scott Mayes, collector of internal revenue of the Fifth district of Kentucky \$40,000 penalties assessed because of alleged "equalization" frauds.

Henderson.—The Henderson cotton mills was awarded judgment for \$95 by a jury in Judge Young's court against the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Co. for a strip of land less than half an acre, which the road sought to condemn for railroad purposes. A value of \$2,500 was placed on the land by the mills. The railroad offered to purchase at \$300. This was the first condemnation suit tried in this city in fifty years.

Morganfield.—"Uncle Josh" Robinson is going to the Confederate reunion in Washington. They have already made arrangements for a place for him to stay—"because they are mighty particular about me now that I am the only colored man left to go to the reunions," he says. "Uncle Josh" is the only black man in the United States who wears the Southern Cross of Honor, given by the United Daughters of the Confederacy.

Barbourville.—Heads of 15 national banks of Southeastern Kentucky and Northeastern Tennessee met at Corbin, to consider the recent ruling of Comptroller Williams, limiting interest to be charged on loans to 6 per cent. It was the consensus of opinion that smaller national banks will have to take out state charters if this ruling is enforced, as the banks in smaller towns, they claim, can not do a profitable business on such an interest, all loans considered.

Frankfort.—George T. Smith, of Beattyville, Major of the Third Battalion, has been appointed Colonel of the Second Regiment, Kentucky National Guard, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Colonel Allen Gullion.

Covington.—Covington firemen are quietly making extensive plans for the organization of a Kentucky Police and Firemen's Protective Association and for the enactment of a state-wide civil service law applicable to firemen and policemen in cities of the second class.

PLANS MADE FOR LONG FIGHT; NO HALF-WAY STEPS

Cabinet Program Laid Before the Council of Defense at Washington.

WAR ON KAISER; NOT PEOPLE

United States Leaders Frame Measures for Aggressive Conflict—Floating of \$5,000,000,000 Loan Considered.

Washington, March 28.—The United States government is getting ready to put into effect measures of the most far-reaching and aggressive character in the event of war with Germany. It will not be satisfied with mere attempts to protect American merchant vessels. Its preparations will be designed to meet any eventuality—a long war, if necessary. There will be no half-way measures.

This program was agreed upon at a long cabinet meeting, and it guided the council of national defense when it met with its advisory commission.

The program decided upon includes military, naval, industrial and financial measures.

The question of sending an army abroad will be left for future consideration.

May Form Political Alliance.

Whether political alliances with the entente allies will be formed is not known, although military as well as naval co-operation is possible, and the government will furnish both money and supplies to the allies without stint.

Suggestions before President Wilson included the possibility of floating a loan of \$5,000,000,000 for the entente.

When President Wilson goes before congress soon after it meets in extra session on April 2 he is expected to make it clear that the government and people of the United States will not be prompted by hostility toward the German people, but only by acts of the German government. So far the president has given only preliminary consideration to his address to congress.

The object of meeting of the council of national defense with its commission was to take an inventory of what has been done in the way of industrial preparedness and to decide what further measures are necessary. The council is expected to take an important part in the conduct of actual warfare.

Wilson Warns of Long War.

In the meantime the administration is sounding a warning to the people of the nation that preparations must be made for the possibility of a long and bitter war. It is part of a "preparedness program" of the administration to "prepare" the people to a full realization of what sacrifices they must be ready to make; to achieve sober realization of the task ahead of the nation; to displace a careless optimism with a studious knowledge of what is ahead.

Part of this preparation is in advance of the demands which will be made shortly by the government for men, money, labor and materials, on a scale unprecedented in the nation's history. The administration proposes no half-way measures if it can be avoided.

Will Curb War Profits.

One thing the council of national defense proposes to guard against—and that is extortionate war profits by industries affected. The government will undoubtedly undertake some special taxing system to cut down many enormous surpluses.

However, American business has thus far shown that it is patriotic rather than greedy.

SEIZE SPY IN TEXAS PORT

German Caught in Act of Placing Bombs on the British Steamer Phydwen.

Galveston, Tex., March 28.—Private detectives of the Southern Pacific company arrested a German spy in the hold of the British steamer Phydwen, which is supposed to have been loaded with grain for the allies. The spy was placing bombs in the hold. Later it was discovered eight bombs had been placed about the Southern Pacific grain elevator, which is filled with 5,000,000 bushels of grain for the allies. The elevator and its contents are valued at \$10,000,000.

EXTRA SENTRY GUARD FORT

Killing of Cape Elizabeth Soldier Causes New Precautions—Searchlights Precrossed Country.

Portland, Me., March 28.—Two attempts within a week to approach the big guns mounted at Fort Williams on Cape Elizabeth caused extraordinary precautions by the garrison. Extra sentries were posted and searchlights crisscrossed the country outside the fortifications.

Private John Poor of the Third company, Coast Artillery corps, died last night of a bullet wound inflicted by one of two strange men detected near the battery. The provokers escaped. Poor was a son of Robert O. Poor of Clarksville, Ill.



New premier of France, whose choice of a cabinet wins approval in Paris.

31 IDENTIFIED DEAD

Indiana Scene of Havoc Patrolled by State Militia.

Estimated That 300 Houses in New Albany Were Damaged or Destroyed by Tornado.

New Albany, Ind., March 28.—Revised official lists of victims of a storm which swept over New Albany show the number of identified dead to be 31 and place the injured at about one hundred. Of the injured ten or more are expected to die, while it is thought that a number of bodies remain buried under the debris of wrecked buildings.

The search of the ruined structures in the devastated sections of the city is going forward under military supervision and all persons except those actually engaged in the work of rescue are being kept out of the stricken districts.

Approximately three hundred houses industrial plants and other buildings were damaged or destroyed. In some instances houses were so torn to pieces and the wreckage intermingled with that from other structures that those who lived in them were unable definitely to locate the sites upon which they stood.

The identified dead are: Clarence Moss, Mrs. Levi Bunch, Charles H. Payton, Miss Elsie Lopp, Mrs. Mary Bott, Mrs. Ella Ehring, and five-month-old daughter; Martha Ehring, Mrs. Rose Huff, and young son, Mrs. Julia Didelet, and young son, and daughter, Mrs. Caroline Carter, Charles McCaffrey, Edward Johns, Jr., and infant niece, and mother-in-law, Mrs. Lomax; Mrs. May Lapp, Mrs. Jacob Foss, Ruth Dearing, Mrs. George Umbreit, Mrs. Elizabeth Metz, George Davis of Glasgow, Ky., eighty-year-old son of George K. Zurschlag, Ruth Purish, young daughter of Clarence Mathes, Mrs. Charles Bailey, Mrs. Julia Clemens (colored), Jennie Hardaway (colored), Frances Brown (colored).

SAYS SOUTH IS IN PERIL

Senator Vandaman of Mississippi Declares Universal Military Training Would Menace Southern States.

Bloom, Miss., March 28.—Danger to the South is seen in universal military training by Senator Vandaman. "Universal training means the arming of millions of negroes and a menace to the South," he said here today. "The United States is in for a long war, as I see it, and will in time become a great military power." Discussing arming of merchantmen he declared he favored placing guns on those carrying cotton, but was opposed to arming those transporting munitions.

U. S. MEN AMONG PRISONERS?

Probable That American Sailors Were Taken by the German Raider Mowee.

Copenhagen, March 28.—The return of the German raider Mowee to a German port having on board about 900 sailors, the crews of merchantmen captured during the last part of the cruise, may give rise to a new Yarrowdale case, as it is probable a number of Americans who were serving on armed merchantmen were captured by the raider. According to the German rule, such men would be treated as prisoners of war.

MILITIA TO BE CALLED OUT

Massachusetts National Guard to Protect Shipyards, Munition Factories, Tunnels and Bridges.

Washington, March 28.—Two regiments of the Massachusetts National Guard will be called out immediately to protect Bay State shipyards, ammunition factories, tunnels and bridges, as the result of a conference between Secretary of War Baker and Governor McCall here. The step has the approval of Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commander of the department of the East.

PUT NATION ON WAR FOOTING

Orders That Navy Be Recruited To Full War Strength of 87,000 Enlisted Men

MILITIA CALLED TO COLORS

Guardmen Out To Protect Industries in Case of Domestic Disorders—Congress Is To Determine System Under Which Army Is to Be Raised.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington.—President Wilson took steps to place the nation on a war footing. By executive order he directed that the navy be recruited without delay to full authorized war strength of 87,000 enlisted men. Taken in connection with emergency naval construction already ordered, this means that the President has exercised the full limit of his legal powers as commander in chief to prepare the navy for war. For the army, the President directs that two new military departments be created in the Atlantic coast region. The order means that the task of organizing whatever army Congress may authorize will be divided among six departmental commanders instead of four, in the interests of speed and efficiency in mobilization.

Militia Is Called Out.

The third step was to assume, as a national duty, the task of protecting American industries from domestic disorders in the event of hostilities. For this purpose eleven full infantry regiments, two separate battalions, and one separate company of national guardmen were called back into the Federal service to act as national police in important districts. Supplying these troops a regiment of Pennsylvania guardmen and two companies of Georgia infantry, en route home from the border for muster out, were ordered to be retained in the Federal service. The President's orders were made known in terse official statements issued by both departments. No explanation accompanied them except the statement that reorganization of the military departments, effective May 1, was designed to facilitate decentralization of command.

Following is the executive order bringing the navy up to war strength: "By virtue of the authority vested in the President by the act of Congress approved August 29, 1916, entitled, 'An act making appropriations for the naval service for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes,' it is hereby directed that the authorized enlisted strength of the navy be increased to 87,000 men."

(Signed.) "WOODROW WILSON."

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Flour, Hay and Grain.

Flour—Winter patent \$9.25@9.75 winter fancy \$8.75@9.25, winter family \$8.25@8.75, winter extras \$7.25@7.75, low-grade \$6.75@7.25.

Corn—No. 2 white \$1.20@1.20 1/2, No. 3 yellow \$1.19@1.20, No. 3 mixed \$1.18@1.20, white ear \$1.19@1.21.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$18.50@19, No. 2 \$17@18, No. 3 \$16@17, No. 1 clover \$17.50@18, No. 2 \$16.50@17, No. 1 clover \$19.50@20, No. 2 \$18@19.

Wheat—No. 2 white \$2.07 1/2, standard white \$2.06 1/2, No. 3 white \$2.05 1/2, No. 4 white \$2.04 1/2, No. 2 mixed \$2.03 1/2, No. 3 mixed \$2.02 1/2, No. 4 mixed \$2.01 1/2.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Butter—Whole milk creamery extras 45c, centralized creamery extras 40c, firsts 38c, seconds 34c.

Eggs—Prime firsts 27c, firsts 26 1/2c, ordinary firsts 25c, seconds 25c.

Live Poultry—Broilers, 1 1/2 lbs and under, 35c; fryers, over 1 1/2 lbs, 25c; fowls, 5 lbs and over, 21c; under 5 lbs, 21c; roosters, 16c.

Live Stock.

Cattle—Shippers \$9@11.25; butcher steers, extra \$10.25@10.75, good choice \$9@10.25, common to fair \$8.50@9; heifers, extra \$10@10.75, good to choice \$9@9.75, common to fair \$8.50@8.50; cows, extra \$8.75@9, good to choice \$7.50@8.50.

Bulls—Bologna \$7.50@8.50, fat bulls \$9@9.50.

Hogs—Selected heavy shippers \$15.10, good to choice packers and butchers \$15.05@15.10, mixed packers \$14.85@15.05, stags \$8@11.50, common to choice heavy fat sows \$8.50@13.00, light shippers \$13.50@14, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$7@11.50.

Munition Bureau May Be Created.

Washington.—Congress may be asked to provide for a Department of Munitions and a Department of War Transportation if the American-German crisis develops into a war of large proportions.

Officers Are Loyal.

Columbus, O.—Because of the imminence of war, several officers of the Fourth Regiment, Ohio National Guard, put personal reasons aside and withdrew their resignations, which had been handed in several days ago. At a meeting in the Adjutant General's office in the Capitol, at which possible war plans were discussed, these officers said that whatever personal reasons they had for resigning were swept aside now on account of the danger threatening the nation.

KAISER EXPECTED TO QUIT THRONE

Author of "J'Accuse" Says Thought That He Caused War Crushes William.

OPPOSED BREAK WITH U.S.

Majority of Leaders Against the Emperor Was So Great He Was Obligated to Submit—Sees Fall of Hohenzollerns.

Paris, March 28.—The abdication of the German emperor is forecast by the former German magistrate who wrote the celebrated book "J'Accuse" in an interview published in L'Oeuvre. He says:

"The Kaiser is obsessed by the thought that he is responsible for the war, a thought which poisons his whole existence. He feels that he is menaced by three enemies at home, without counting those abroad: First is the crown prince, the real author of the war; second is the Junker pan-Germanist (you cannot imagine the smoldering hatred of the emperor for those whom he believes to be the maniacs who are driving him into an abyss); third are the people—not the socialist party, but the people who are starving and who, he feels, are growing in number and rising little by little against those who organized the war."

Opposed Break With Wilson.

"The other day at the meeting of the parliamentary presidents and the ministers of the federal sovereigns, at which the submarine war was decided upon, the struggle between the Kaiser's party and that of Von Tirpitz was most bitter. The majority against the emperor was so great, however, that he was obliged to submit and pretend that he was convinced. In particular he was personally opposed to a break with President Wilson, but he was forced to consent. Documents will be published one day which will prove that secretly he did everything not to bring America down upon him and that he considers the rupture an irreparable mistake. The failure of the submarine war will show that he was right, but it will be too late."

Fears Universal Suffragists.

"The people he fears most are the anti-militarist, anti-Prussian, liberal republicans who want the reletsting to be based on universal suffrage. That is why Wilhelm is so anxious to convince the nation that he did not want war. All his protestations are made to appease the liberals and his fanatical and ruined subjects whose murmurings are growing stronger. He wants to continue popular at any price and that is why he spoke the first word of peace. The people were grateful for it, but the submarine war came and spoiled everything."

Suffers in His Pride.

"It is hard to realize how this emperor, who enjoyed a popularity unequalled in our epoch, suffers in his pride. He alone, perhaps in Germany, knows the whole truth, since he alone has in his possession the elements for forming a judgment on the situation as a whole. How can he resist morally and physically under such a strain? Certainly he hopes sometimes, but less and less, for the success of the unrestricted submarine war which he opposed. He sees the isolation of Germany become more and more complete. "Once he tried to initiate peace negotiations and failed. To try again would be to admit and proclaim to the whole world, but above all to the German people, which he fears most, Germany's real situation. If the allies solemnly declared, as they did with Napoleon in 1815, that they would refuse to treat for peace with the Hohenzollerns, it would be a knockout blow. Our German people, who still believe in him, would abandon him, for peace at any price will soon be the manitous and hidden thought of tortured Germany."

Dramatic Abdication Is Forecast.

"What recourse is left to him but a dramatic abdication in order to retain the sympathies of the German people and save the political future of Prussia? He will say: 'I sacrifice myself to make peace. Without me those only are responsible who desired a savage war and the complete isolation of Germany, those who took at the beginning my son as their party leader and forced me to mobilize, a measure I hesitated to take.'"

BLAMES KAISER FOR THE WAR

Socialist Deputy Is Applauded When He Talks of Russia's New Freedom.

Berlin, March 28.—The German emperor and Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg have been denounced in the Reichstag by the socialist Deputy Kunert as the originators of the war. The incident occurred during a debate on the public health estimate.

Blames Kaiser for the War.

Vice-Chancellor Hoffert, referring to Herr Kunert's remark, declared that a German who spoke in the same breath of Russian and German conditions insulted his fatherland. The socialist deputy retorted amid socialist applause:

"Because I compared German reactionaries with Russian revolutionists you say I insulted the fatherland. I should be proud if such progress were made in our country as has been made in the Russian empire."

Suffered Paralytic Stroke.

Mr. W. H. Manker suffered a stroke of paralysis at the Christian church at about 7:30 Sunday evening. She was singing in the choir when she first began to be effected. She sat down, thinking that it was only a nervous attack, to which she is subject. She grew rapidly worse and some of her friends started to take her home. About the middle of the aisle she sank down helpless and was carried to the home of Mrs. C. W. Womack, just across the street, and a doctor summoned. It was found that her right side was totally paralyzed.

She was only semi-conscious and unable to speak coherently for about 36 hours after the stroke, but at this time (Wednesday morning) she shows signs of improvement and strong hope is entertained for her recovery.

She is still at Mrs. Womack's, her condition being such that it is not considered safe to move her.

Railway Survey.

A corps of engineers began surveying a route for a proposed railroad up Elk Fork Monday. The survey began on the opposite side of the river near the mouth of Caney. We did not learn the route after it leaves the Elk Fork valley.

Rights-of-way are being taken by the Lenox Saw Mill Company along the proposed route.

Options have been taken upon considerable coal and timber lands on the head of Elk Fork, Paint and Little Sandy.

The people of these sections are very sanguine that work on the road will begin this spring or early summer.

No More Blue Marks.

Blaze, Ky., Mar. 26, 1916. Mr. H. G. Cottle,

West Liberty, Ky.

Please find inclosed my check for \$1.50 to pay for your valuable paper, beginning at the expiration of my subscription and continuing as long as the money pays, and I don't want to see any more blue marks on my paper. I have called in your office no less than three times in the last six months to settle with you and you were not in.

I owe you something for the send-off you gave South Stamper in last week's issue of the Courier. But South was entitled to the boom. He made a noble sacrifice, and he works harder for the Democratic party than he does for himself, and he was always a Democrat. His promise to collect the taxes in the good old way is sufficient to insure his election.

Wishing you success, and to meet you soon, I am as ever Your friend,

T. J. PERRY.

Wells a Winner.

Interested friends of Joe Roe Wells, candidate for jailer, who have been investigating the outlook in that race, say that there is no doubt but that Mr. Wells is in the lead in that race if the expressions of choice by the people are a safe means of judging.

Joe Roe is the kind of man the people like to vote for. He labors all the time, his pledged word is as good as any bond, he is affable and courteous in his conduct and as hospitable as can be imagined. He is a good business man and knows how to manage affairs, and though he earns his bread by the sweat of his brow he manages to make his income exceed his expenses to provide against the proverbial rainy day.

A sober, honest, industrious man, a Christian, a good neighbor, a qualified and conscientious candidate, Joe Roe Wells is one who inspires confidence, and the Democrats are rallying to his standard in this race.

Unless there is a revolution in public opinion Joe Roe Wells will win by a big plurality.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

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H. G. COTTLE, Editor.

Scientists tell us that the sun will shine only 15,000,000 years longer. Get a hustle!

While preparing for war on a larger scale, let's not forget to swat the fly. He's little, but he's loud.

"Mexicans submitting to the bath," says a southern dispatch. Impossible—don't believe a word of it!

Between providing luxuries for the inner man and the outer woman, this life is just one long wail of bills.

When a bashful fellow pops the question and she promptly snaps him up, he begins to wonder what he ought to do next.

The Kaiser is welcome to all of Carranza he can swallow. We have too much regard for our stomach to even want a nibble.

Congress proposes to dam the Mississippi at a cost of \$40,000,000. We'll agree to damn it and Congress both for half the sum.

The bum actor is the only person we know of who has cause to approve the high price of eggs, for no man cares to hurl a fortune as another these days.

We note, however, that our brethren of the press are consistently mum on the subject of civilization. So are we, for we never lament over a dead dog.

"Eggs shaved two cents," says an exchange. Gosh! We always thought those storage companies kept them until they grew beards, and now we have the proof.

Even if nothing worse transpires, some traitors in this country are likely to be taught the value of respect for the flag under which they get their bread and butter.

About the only thing that will protect the potato planter from indictment this year for destroying currency, is the fact that spuds do not as yet bear the government stamp.

This censoring the American press may be advantageous, but it has its drawbacks as well. Under its operation even the wildest of the yellow journals can not scare up more than a dozen war thrills a day.

The war, after all, might have been worse. Only 5,000,000 men have been killed thus far, with 10,000,000 or so minus legs, arms, eyes, and other portions of their anatomy. Yes, it might have been worse!

We can't blame you, Willie, for being ashamed of your old dad, and we sympathize deeply with you in having him wished upon you. He deserves the harshest censure for his many shortcomings, principal of which was his rank failure in rearing a son.

The man who owns a vacant lot adjoining the one on which he lives, and allows that lot to run to weeds is literally burning up money. If he is so eternally adverse to gardening, he could easily keep a hundred or two laying hens thereon, and within a year or two retire with a million. But, then, only a cross-eyed man can see the end of his nose.

The traitorous filibuster in the United States Senate so enraged the people that it was easy to secure a cloture rule, limiting debate, which will prevent filibustering in the future. Unlimited debate in the Senate has been a thing that had resisted all efforts to change heretofore, and as the Kaiser's Senators sink into ignominious obscurity they may console themselves with the thought that some good resulted from their treachery, even though it was not intended.

The action of twelve United States Senators in conducting a filibuster in the closing hours of Congress that defeated the will of the President, an overwhelming majority of Congress and a like proportion of the people of the nation, will have at least one beneficent result, despite the fact that the act will stand out as one of the blackest smudges on American patriotism. It will solidify the American people behind the President in his determination to assert the inviolability of American life and commerce upon the high seas. In every section of country men of every political faith have denounced the disgraceful filibuster. Ministers, merchants, professional men, farmers, laborers, women, everywhere show a determination to assert for once and all American rights upon the seas, even if it leads to the war we so ardently desire to escape. The people do not want war if it can be honorably avoided, but they are ready to fight and to sacrifice for the retention of their honor and their rights of life and commerce if it becomes necessary to do so. To-day there is a grim set to the American countenance that means stern business.

B. R. KEETON FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

In this issue we formally announce the candidacy of B. R. Keeton, of Moon, for the nomination for County Attorney of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary August 4, 1917.

Mr. Keeton is a lawyer of several years' experience and is well qualified to discharge the duties of the office to which he aspires. He has made two unsuccessful races for this office, being defeated by the present incumbent four years ago by a small plurality. He is a good Democrat and never hesitates nor falters when his party needs his services, and heretofore his only reward has been the consciousness of duty well performed.

He lives in a section of the county from which there has never been a county officer elected. He believes that he, individually, deserves recognition at the hands of his fellow Democrats, and furthermore that his part of the county ought to be recognized in the distribution of political patronage.

The Courier asks the people to weigh his claims carefully before making up their minds.

Friendly Face of the Home Newspaper
Sure of a Welcome Wherever It Goes

THE HOME NEWSPAPER is the most interesting reading matter one can obtain. There is nothing else like it.

NEXT TO A LETTER, THE HOME NEWSPAPER IS THE MOST ENTERTAINING THING IN THE WORLD FOR ONE LOCATED IN A DISTANT CITY. IT IS JUST AS INTERESTING WHILE WE ARE AT HOME, ALTHOUGH WE ARE NOT WONT TO APPRECIATE THIS FACT. IT IS OVERLOOKED BECAUSE IT HAS BECOME A PART OF OUR DAILY LIFE, JUST AS MUCH SO AS THE ALLOTTED THREE MEALS A DAY.

No one who FORMS THE HABIT of reading the HOME NEWSPAPER will ever give it up. No one is willing to MISS THE PLEASURES thus derived. No one is willing to deprive himself of the intimate knowledge of his neighbors' successes and failures, joys and sorrows, trials and tribulations.

There is NO OTHER MEDIUM that can take the place of the HOME NEWSPAPER. Aside from giving the news of the whole world, it gives us something THAT CAN BE OBTAINED NOWHERE ELSE. It gives us all the little incidents in the daily life of our friends and neighbors, of those people we go through life with, arm in arm. It tells of their progress. It tells of their social life. It tells of the weddings, parties, clubs, church societies, etc. It tells who is visiting. It tells who is sick and heralds their recovery.

THESE LITTLE PERSONAL ITEMS CREATE A HOME NEWSPAPER. THESE LITTLE FACTS ABOUT THE PEOPLE WE ELBOW THROUGH LIFE WITH ARE FAR MORE INTERESTING THAN SOME "BIG STORY" FROM A DISTANT CITY. THIS IS WHAT MAKES THE HOME NEWSPAPER.

Can YOU afford to be without it for ONLY A FEW CENTS a week?

SCISSORS & PASTE

Good Things Clipped from
Our Exchanges with an
Occasional Comment
By the Editor.

A Concrete Enthusiast.

I have erected three concrete spring houses, or rather, I have built three concrete houses over springs in order that the springs can be kept free from mud and in proper sanitary condition. From one of these springs I get the water supply to my residence through a pipe line, a distance of 7,000 feet. The water is first brought to a large concrete reservoir which I erected on a hill and from this reservoir it is piped by gravity through my residence, also through a concrete milk house in my yard, and also through my different barns. As a raiser of live stock I believe in having plenty of pure, fresh water flowing through concrete troughs in my stables at all times.

I have my different barns fitted up with concrete troughs, and they are so constructed that water flows through one while I use the other for feed. My live stock can enjoy their feed as they drink pure spring water, just as I enjoy my meals while I drink the same kind of pure water that runs through my residence. I believe in the old maxim that "A kind man is kind to his horse and likewise to his mules." I attribute to a large extent the thrifty condition of my horses and mules to the fact that at no time are they allowed to suffer from a lack of water.

I have also built upon my farm four large concrete silos which have given the utmost satisfaction.

I have also constructed a concrete dam across Mulberry creek near Lynchburg, also a concrete building in which I have an electric light plant which supplies lights for my residence, barns and the town of Lynchburg.

I am a great believer in concrete walks, concrete reservoirs, concrete springhouses, concrete troughs in barns and concrete

silos. I am what might be termed a concrete enthusiast, and I can cheerfully recommend its use to all farmers who desire to construct things of utility that are substantial and of permanent use. —Lem Motlow in Southern Agriculturist.

Make the Old Farm into a Home.

Seventeen years ago I bought a farm that was in bad condition. I began at once to improve it for a permanent home. I first grubbed and cleaned out all old crooked fence rows, cleared briar patches, stopped gullies, and removed stumps; then put in good wire fences, divided the farm so as to have stock water available in ten different fields and pastures. I then built barn room for all farm products and for stock of different kinds (mostly cattle) to convert it into fertilizer. The manure has been distributed with a spreader.

I have done lots of deep plowing and subsoiling and am well pleased with the results, as it prevents the land from washing and supports crops through hot, dry weather. Lots of cowpeas, soy beans and other legumes have been used in rotation crops and the land is steadily increasing in fertility.

There were a few acres of wet land on the farm that had not been plowed in twenty years and was only growing wild grass. I got a carload of drain tile (four inch), including Y's for connecting arms to main lines, and after the ditches were cut and the tile carefully laid and covered, it was pleasing to see the land dry out. Now it is the best land on the farm, producing corn, pumpkins and other crops abundantly.

There are lots of such land in the country, supposed by some to be too level to drain; but tile carefully laid with one-half of one per cent fall will drain it nicely and in future years repay all expenses, many times over. —J. S. Christenberry in Southern Agriculturist.

Old papers for sale at this office 25 cents per hundred.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce
G. C. TAULBEE,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Representative from the 91st Legislative District, subject to the Democratic primary, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
J. H. SEBASTIAN,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the office of County Judge of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
JAS. R. DAY,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Judge of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary, August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
JOHN W. COFFEE,
of Whit Oak, as a candidate for County Attorney of Morgan county, subject to the action of the democratic primary 1917.

We are authorized to announce
J. H. WILLIAMS,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the office of County Attorney of Morgan county subject to the democratic primary, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
H. C. ROSE,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Attorney of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
B. R. KEETON,
of Moon, as a candidate for the nomination for County Attorney of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
JAS. W. DAVIS,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
BERNARD E. WHITT,
of Caney, as a candidate for the nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary, August 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
T. N. BARKER,
of Crockett, as a candidate for the nomination for County Court Clerk of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
LEE BAKKER,
of Malone, as a candidate for the nomination for County Court Clerk of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary 1917.

We are authorized to announce
REN F. NICKELL,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Court Clerk of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
C. P. HENRY,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
B. S. STAMPER,
of Sellers, as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary Aug. 4, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
PERRY HENRY,
of Liberty Road, as a candidate for Jailer of Morgan county, subject to the action of the democratic primary, August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
G. W. STACY,
of Flores, as a candidate for the democratic nomination for Jailer of Morgan county, subject to the action of the August primary election, 1917.

We are authorized to announce
JOE ROE WELLS
as a candidate for the nomination for Jailer of Morgan county, subject to the action of the democratic primary, August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
H. T. DYER,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Jailer of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
R. B. CASSITY,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Jailer of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary August 1917.

We are authorized to announce
W. P. HALSEY,
of Demond, as a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Morgan county, subject to the Democratic primary 1917.

DR. A. P. GULLETT,
DENTIST,
West Liberty, Ky
Rooms over D. R. Keeton's

"The Home of Good Goods."

My goods are selected with the idea paramount of giving the best values for the least money possible.

Staple and Fancy Groceries
Fruits, Candies and NutsA Complete Line of Gents' Furnishings,
Made-to-order Tailoring.SANITARY SODA FOUNTAIN
Hot Drinks and Cold Drinks in Season.

My Prices are as Low as Best Quality will Permit, and I appreciate your trade.

D. R. KEETON



Mill,—Millers,—Milling

We have bought the

A. W. SMITH ROLLER MILL

and are putting it in first-class repair. We will be able to serve the public without inconvenience or delay. We will shortly build stalls for the accommodation of the horses of our patrons who live at a distance and have to stay over night.

Our grind days will be on

Tuesdays and Fridays

as heretofore. Bring your corn and wheat, and we guarantee you good meal and flour.

WHEELER & LEWIS,
WEST LIBERTY, KY.

Store Department

Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Co.
CANNEL CITY, KY.

I am pleased to supply merchants with Flour, Salt, Oil, Mill Feed, Blasting Powder, Etc.

We have just received a complete and attractive line of Ladies and Misses Winter Coats, Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums, etc.

We have the best FARM WAGON to be had.

Give us a call.

JOE F. REID, Manager.

MORGAN COUNTY NATIONAL
BANK

OF CANNEL CITY, KENTUCKY

Capital and Surplus - - \$50,000

"Honor Roll" Bank

YOUR ACCOUNT CORDIALLY SOLICITED.

M. L. CONLEY, President. JOE C. STAMPER, Vice-Pres.

CUSTER JONES, Cashier.

Institutional Treatment of Tuberculosis

means that the patient is given constant attention; that the regime which is found to be best adapted to the case is rigidly adhered to; that a resident physician is at hand all the time, studying the case and adapting the treatment to it; that the nursing service is of the best. All of these things mean improvement, greater comfort and possible recovery. Hazelwood is operated without profit by the Louisville Anti-Tuberculosis Association. Rates \$12.50 a week. Write for detailed information.

Hazelwood Sanatorium

DR. O. O. MILLER, Physician in Charge.

STATION E.

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Fine Printing. The Courier is prepared to do High Grade Commercial Printing promptly on short notice. Our printing is the kind that makes you proud to use. Prices right. Try us.

Get that job you need now.

Stand by The Flag!

The German Viewpoint.

This letter from a young German woman to a friend in neutral Switzerland is published in the Tribune de Geneva, published in French in Geneva:

"My dear little Louise:
The contents of your last letter would have wounded me if I had not known that your opinions on our glorious war were the outcome of ignorance.

"You live in a country which is effeminated by the influence of old-fashioned ideas of liberty, and which is now centuries behind us. You require a strong dose of Prussian culture. It is evident that you a Swiss, fashioned to French thought, cannot understand that my young German girl's heart has ardently, passionately desired this war; it has been talked of with us for years, and my father used to say to us, 'Children, Germany is becoming too small for us; we must return to France in order to make a place for ourselves and to get money.'

"You have something to learn in order to equal us. There is only one country worthy to dominate the whole world, which has attained a high degree of civilization, and that is ours the Prussians! I say Prussians, for if as Germans we are overlords of the world, the Prussian is par excellence the overlords of the Germans. All other nations are degenerate and of inferior value.

"Only yesterday our pastor was explaining in a convincing manner that the first human beings, Adam and Eve, were also Prussians. That is easy to understand, for in the Bible it is written that our German God has created us according to his own image. If, therefore, all men have descended from a Prussian Adam and from his wife, there should exist only Prussians, or at least Germans, and everything that grows and exists should belong to us. That is why our device is 'God with us and Germany over all.'

"Is it not shameful that other peoples, who have no right to exist on this earth, should wish to reduce our inheritance? We are the divine fruit, and all others are but weeds. That is why our great emperor, representing God on earth, has decided to put an end to all these injustices and to exterminate the weeds."

And yet there are people in this good land who can see no menace to free government in Germany's success in this war!

We are apt to sympathize with the German people and attribute the whole blame of the war and its ruthlessness to the ruling class, but here we have startling evidence that the German people, including the women and children, believe that the universe is run under the firm name of 'The Kaiser and God,' and that individual liberty is a dream of the ignorant.

Such a state of 'universal belief in the divinity of the Kaiser' could be produced in but one way and the Prussian lords have followed that way; i. e., they take the child from the parents in infancy and direct its education, early instilling in its mind a veneration for royalty and a hatred for democracy. The clergy also is requisitioned to further teach the idea, and the thought of freedom is a stranger to the German mind. The Russian Czar sought to keep his people in subjection by force and neglected to educate them along the Prussian plan, and the democratic idea grew and expanded until it deposed the Czar and established a republic. A democracy will never come to Germany from within. Outside forces will have to compel a democracy in that unhappy country, as every German is a royalist by training and education.

The general German belief that the people of other nations are noxious weeds that cumber Germany's earth and must be exterminated, accounts for the ruthlessness and barbarity of German warfare, and makes it essential to freedom that she be crushed.

Possibly the German people will awake, after they are linked to a finish, to the fact that the use of God's name as a junior partner with the Kaiser was without His sanction, and enable

them to establish a government for the people.

German success would mean every democratic government on earth would have to fight for its life.

BAD LUCK LASTING

ONE MAN SATISFIED MISFORTUNES DON'T COME SINGLY.

His Nose, Viciously Assaulted by a Bee Early in the Day, Seemed to Remain Special Mark for All Kinds of Attacks.

"I just dropped a book on my sore toe," remarked the professor. "The pain caused me to jerk my arm, and I upset a bottle of ink over some valuable papers. This seems to confirm the theory that misfortunes never come singly."

"They never are single," said the low-browed man. "They're always married, and some of them are bigamists. I've noticed that if anything unpleasant happens to me before breakfast, unpleasant things will keep on happening all day."

"The other morning I put my head out of the window to see if there was any weather on deck, and a bee came along and stung me on the nose. I said to Aunt Julia, when I had cooled down enough to talk intelligently, that my nose would be in trouble all day, and she said she had no patience with such a superstition. She reminded me that lightning never strikes twice in the same place, and when I tried to point out that it wasn't lightning, but a six-cylinder humbucker that struck me, she shook me out of the house."

"I went to milk the cows, and sat down by our old room. She had collected about five pounds of mud, mixed with cobblestones, on the end of her tail, and I was just getting warmed up to my milking when she swung that loaded tail around and soaked me on the nose. I tell you, professor, a man doesn't know what anguish is until something like that takes the sunshine out of his life. If you happen to meet that roan cow one of these days, ask her what I said to her."

"After I had nursed my nose a while I went on with the milking, and after a while I had two buckets filled, and started to the house with them. Old Doolittle has a bunch of nephews visiting him and two of them were practicing pitching in the backyard, which adjoins ours. One of the boys had phenomenal speed, but poor control, and the ball came over and spread my back all over my face."

"I dropped those buckets and the milk soaked into the ground. 'Trifles like that didn't interest me at the time, I think I was insane for about ten minutes. Aunt Julia says I ran around the backyard in circles, like a whirling dervish, and she never realized until that moment what a command of language I have."

"The next thing I remember I was soaking my face in a bucket of water by the well and Aunt Julia was begging me to apply a flaxseed poultice she had prepared for the occasion. Whenever anything goes wrong at our house Aunt Julia's first impulse is to apply a poultice."

"Well, I haven't the heart to tell you all that happened to my nose that day. Everything that wasn't nailed down flew up and hit it, and when night came I was carrying it in a sling. And that's the way misfortunes always get in their work."

Saccharine.
Saccharine is the sweetest substance in the world. It is 550 times sweeter than cane sugar, and is extensively used in jellies and preserves, as well as in the diet of persons who cannot stand sugar.

Prof. Ira Remsen of Johns Hopkins university discovered it nearly forty years ago while working on a series of experiments in the laboratory. "Any practical man," Professor Remsen wrote, "would unhesitatingly have condemned the work as being utterly useless, and I may add that some did condemn it. There was no hope, no thought entertained by us that anything practical would come of it." But saccharine was the result and it is now extensively manufactured.

This incident is one of many answers to the plea that all education and all work should be "practical." The whole foundation of modern civilization is laid on scientific work that often seemed the most impractical in the world.

Horses of the Cossacks.
That the Cossacks should have been the first of the Russians to win through by roads deemed impassable is no matter for surprise to anyone familiar with the Cossack's horse. He is small, with a short, thick head and neck and a sloping back, but what he lacks in size he makes up in sense. To weather and climate he is alike indifferent, and does not miss a farm stable, because that is a luxury he never had. He will thrive where any other horse would starve, and relishes food that a goat would scorn. His rider will tether him on a snow-covered plain and he will get his own food by scraping aside the snow to get at the reindeer moss. And so docile is he that he will form a breastwork for his master to fire over, or cover incredible distances on the shortest of commons.

The Pride of Race.
"Darling, I have a confession to make."
"I will not hear it."
"But it relates to your happiness."
"Never—but say on."
"With a half yard to go, my grandfather fumbled the ball in the game with Penn seven years ago."
"Horrors—out of my sight forever."
—Froth.

Let us print your horse and Jack cards.

IN HOT ARGUMENT

BILL SANDERS MATCHES WITS WITH SQUIRE IKE STRATTON.

Two Had Different Ideas as to the Real Solution of the Bear Problem, and It Is Not Yet Settled.

"I see there wasn't no use o' my tryin' to make any pints agin satch a tremendous arguier ez Squire Ike Stratton," said Bill Sanders, the homer from down Shinnopple way, "so I took my gun an'—but the how of it was like this:

"Some of us was settin' at Joe 'n's grocery store an' in come young Swayback with a cub bar an' he run agin out on the ridge an' killed, an' I up an' says that I'd bet a 'cete sumpin' that if I bars could talk they'd say us Shinnopplers was the consarned passel o' loonies that ever was let loose."

"Wh! they'd say, 'It's jest like killin' the goose that laid the golden egg!'"

"That's about what they'd say!" says I.

"What'd they say that about us fer?" says Squire Ike Stratton, all ready fer to argify.

"They'd say it about us, says I, 'cause we'm satch dern fools ez to kill 'em fore they'm growed. 'Can't them fellers see that they can't hev no fun with us when we'm only three weeks old or three months old or only six months old, fer that matter?' they'd say. 'If them jidits 'd let us be till we'm growed up can't they see that they'd hev ten times ez much fun in the woods? Why?' they'd say, 'them fellers is the consarned loonies that ever let loose,' they'd say. 'The way they rob the future o' the Shinnopple deestic' out of a lot o' fun!'"

"That's what they'd say, squire, an' they'd hev us sot down tolerable nigh to what we be," says I.

"Which I don't agree with you, William, not by a tarnation sight!" says Squire Ike.

"An' o' course I didn't s'pose he would, fer if he'd agreed with me he wouldn't a-had no chance fer to argify, an' 'd'ad been wuss to him than stoppin' o' his breath."

"Jest the same, squire," says I, "I don't stand to reason that they ain't right. Fer instance, here's a family o' bars. Three of 'em is cubs, say three weeks old. Us fellers runs agin 'em in the woods. What do we up an' do on the spot?"

"First we git away with the old uns. Then we either knock the young uns in the head or take 'em home an' let 'em starve," I says. "Now, I says, 'I'll go you even fuder 'n the bars would if they could talk, an' I'll say that us fellers is the consarned loonies that ever was let run loose fer even killin' the bars that was already growed up under satch circumstances,' I says."

"Do you know what us fellers orto do when we run agin a bar family like that?" says I. "Jest pass the time o' day with 'em an' let 'em go," I says, "so they kin go on raisin' them cubs fer us to hev fun with by an' by," I says. "Squire," I says, "let 'em alone, but keep an eye on 'em. I says, 'an' mark 'em down fer future reference."

"Seems to me," I says, "that it's a mighty good thing there wa'n't no Shinnopple feller citizen along with Noar in the ark, fer if there had a-been," I says, "he'd a-foller'd the two bars when they come outen the ark an' got away with 'em an' their cubs an' we wouldn't a-had no bars now at all," I says.

"We'd a-had more pigs an' sheep, though," says Squire Ike, borryin' a chair often Swayback's plug. "an' si Groner wouldn't a-had his ear an' most of his chest clawed off, an' our wives an' young uns could go out huckleberryin' without bein' afraid they wouldn't never come back agin. I don't know but what I'm a beetle sorry. William, that they wa'n't a Shinnopple feller citizen in the ark along with Noar," says the squire. "I don't know but what I am," says he.

"I see then that there wa'n't no kind o' use o' my tryin' to make any pints agin satch a tremendous arguier ez Squire Ike Stratton, an' so I took my gun an' went out. An' I knocked over three bar afore night, countin' the two suckin' cubs."

Slipping Away From English.
Very probably many English readers will be puzzled by the intelligence from New York that a "dealer in junk" has been arrested in connection with the Archangel explosion. The expression does not mean that the accused dealt in a kind of sailing vessel favored by the Chinese. "Junk" in good United States, means the kind of lumber which accumulates in a household, and in England would be either thrown away or handed over to the rag and bone man. The tendency of the American language is to differ more and more from ordinary English, explains the London Globe. Indeed, some of the stories in the United States could hardly be understood by the average Englishman.

Big Park Tract for Public.
Some of the biggest trees in the Sequoia National park have remained in the hands of private owners until recently. Congress appropriated \$50,000 to purchase the trees and the land on which they stood, but \$20,000 more was required to settle other claims. The \$20,000 has been provided by the National Geographic society for this purpose, and the entire tract will become the property of the government. Some of the trees thus acquired are believed to be 4,000 years old.

"It's easy to keep order in a cemetery," say an exchange, and we might add that the same conditions prevail in stores that do not advertise.—Publishers' Auxiliary.

Bring us your job printing.
Blank deeds, 5 cents each.

\$100 Reward, \$100
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known for the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Sold by all Druggists. Address: H. J. CATARRH & CO., Toledo, O. Send for list of testimonials.

Notice.
George Salyer, convicted of confederating at the March term, 1916, of the Morgan Circuit Court, will make application for a parole at the April meeting of the Board of Prison Commissioners.
(Signed) GEORGE SALYER.

BLANK PAPER

Conveys no message.

Poor Printing is almost as bad.

OUR PRINTING TELLS YOUR STORY AND TELLS IT CLEARLY

Our Job Work is worth inspection.

John McMann's Hack Line
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Meets All Trains. Good covered and open conveyances for public hire.
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Local and Long Distance.

Winchester Bank,
WINCHESTER, KY
Capital \$100,000
Surplus and Profits 210,000
Deposits Dec. 30, 1916 750,000
N. H. WITHERSPOON, President,
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3% Interest on Time Deposits.
We solicit your business, promising prompt and courteous service.
MATHIS & TAUBEE
ATTORNEYS AT LAW
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\$50.00 REWARD!
I will pay the sum for any watch or clock which I cannot put in good running order. I do all kind of jewelry work. The Public is cordially invited to call in and see me when in need of expert watch or clock repairing. All work guaranteed. Send by insured Parcel Post.
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Used 40 Years
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Try a Gallon of our Poindexter eight-year-old Bottled in Bond at \$4.00 per gallon, express prepaid.

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DISTILLERS' AGENTS. SUCCESSORS TO LOUIS KAY.
122 N. LIMESTONE, LEXINGTON, KY

Fine Wines Gin Kentucky Whiskey All the Apple Brandy Leading Brands

2-year-old Sam Clay
2-stamp goods.....\$2.00 per gal
2-year-old Van Hook
2-stamp goods.....2.00 per gal
In case lots, 12 full quarts, \$6.00;
24 pints, 14-ounce, \$6.00; Drum,
100 pints, 14-ounce, \$25.00.
Pure White North Carolina
Moonshine, 100 proof.....2.00 per gal
6-year-old Sam Clay, 100
proof, 2-stamp goods.....3.00 per gal
6-year-old Old Tarr, 100
proof, 2-stamp goods.....3.00 per gal
Cedar Brook in Bulk, 9 years
old, 117 proof.....5.00 per gal
Belle of Montgomery, Bottled
in Bond.....\$0.75 per qt
Old Tarr, Bottled in Bond......75 per qt
Old Elk, Bottled in Bond......75 per qt
Van Hook, Bottled in Bond......75 per qt
Sam Clay, Bottled in Bond......85 per qt
Old James E. Pepper, Bottled in Bond.....1.00 per qt
Bond & Lillard, Bottled in Bond.....1.00 per qt
Old Taylor, Bottled in Bond.....1.00 per qt
Chicken Cock, Bottled in Bond.....1.00 per qt
Old Prentice, Bottled in Bond.....1.00 per qt
John Poindexter, 8 years old.....1.00 per qt
Cedar Brook, 8 years old.....1.25 per qt

APPLE BRANDY
No. 2 Brandy.....2.00 per gal
Kentucky Brandy.....3.00 per gal
Apricot Brandy.....\$2.00 & 3.00 per gal
Pure Kentucky Apple Brandy.....4.00 per gal

GIN
Holland Gin.....2.00 per gal
Stone Root and Gin.....75c qt. 3.00 per gal

WINES
Blackberry Wine......50 per qt
Virginia Dare......65 per qt
Sherry Wine......75 per qt
Port Wine......75 per qt

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BOTTLED IN BOND
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4 full 6 full 8 full 12 full 24 full 48 full
Quarts Quarts Quarts Quarts Pints Pints
BRAND
Old Tarr.....\$3.00 \$4.50 \$6.00 \$9.00 \$9.50 \$10.00
Van Hook.....3.00 4.50 6.00 8.75 9.25 9.75
Old Elk.....3.00 4.50 6.00 9.00 9.50 10.00
Sam Clay.....3.00 4.50 6.00 9.00 9.50 10.00
Chicken Cock.....3.75 5.00 7.40 11.00
Old Taylor.....4.00 6.00 8.00 11.50
Bond & Lillard.....4.00 6.00 8.00 11.50
Cedar Brook, 8 years old.....4.75 7.15 9.50 12.00

HOW TO REMIT. Send bank draft, post office or express money order. Don't send cash in an envelope unless registered. Personal checks are subject to collection before shipment is made, if party ordering is unknown to us. Don't send postage stamps.
QUICK DELIVERY All packages sent same day order is received. We ship in plain, strong boxes, bearing no advertising matter on outside and always securely sealed.
We do not ship to minors.

Date.....
Davis & Kay, 122 N. Limestone, Lexington, Ky.
Enclosed find.....for \$.....
(Draft, Express or P. O. Money Order)
in full payment for.....

(Very important that we have your correct postoffice address)
Name.....
Express Office.....
Post Office.....
County.....State.....
Write your name and address plainly.

All shipments made same day order is received.
SPECIAL
Four-year-old "Old Tarr," 100 proof, 2-stamp goods, our own bottling, at
\$3.00 PER GALLON
EXPRESS PREPAID

DAVIS & KAY,
122 N. Limestone, Lexington, Ky.

Wanted. A good correspondent, who will boost subscriptions, at every postoffice in the county at which the Courier is not representd.

Look Here For It.

Things we all ought to know but which none of us can remember, and often don't know where to look to find it.

(Of special interest to applicants for school certificates who are not subscribers, but who just drop in to get a copy gratis.)

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Town of West Liberty—Officers:
Police Judge, Evert Mathis,
Town Attorney, J. H. Williams
Clerk Board of Trustees,
Marshal, John M. Cottle
Board Trustees, I. C. Ferguson, Chair
man, W. M. Kendall, W. R. Foreman, H. C. Swango, W. G. Wells.

Police Court, First Wednesday in each month for civil causes.

MORGAN COUNTY
County Judge, S. S. Dennis,
County Attorney, S. M. R. Hurt,
County Court Clerk, Ren F. Nickell,
Sheriff, L. A. Lykins,
Treasurer, W. M. Gaudner,
Supt. Schools, Jas. W. Davis,
Jailer, H. C. Combs,
Assessor, A. O. Peyton,
Coroner, Olie B. Nickell,
Surveyor, M. P. Turner,
Game and Fish Warden, John M. Perry.
County Court, Second Monday in each month.

Quarterly Court, Tuesday after Second Monday in each month.
Fiscal Court, On Wednesday after Fourth Monday in April and October.

JUSTICES' COURTS.
First District, Jas. R. Day, West Liberty, Ky., First Monday in each month. Constable, G. M. Bellamy.
Second District, J. M. Carpenter, Omer, Ky., Tuesday after First Monday in each month. Constable, Martin Mannin.
Third District, J. M. Gevedor, Grassy Creek, Ky., Wednesday after First Monday in each month. Constable, S. R. Amyx.

Fourth District, B. F. Blankenship, De-mouth, Ky., Thursday after First Monday in each month. Constable, M. C. Harper.
Fifth District, Frank Lacy, Insko, Ky., Friday after First Monday in each month. Constable, W. E. Bentley.

Sixth District, T. S. McGuire, Caney, Ky., Saturday after First Monday in each month. Constable, W. J. Griffiths.
Seventh District, D. M. Cox, Moon, Ky., Wednesday after Second Monday in each month. Constable, M. G. Wolfenbarger.

Eighth District, Jas. H. Lewis, Blaze Ky., Friday after Second Monday in each month. Constable, Bruce Perry.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION
Jas. W. Davis, Chairman.
Educational Division No. 1, Jas. H. Lewis,
Educational Division No. 2, Rollie Cecil,
Educational Division No. 3, Albert Wells,
Educational Division No. 4, Dennis Mullins.
Meets Second Monday in each month.

CIRCUIT COURT.
Circuit Judge, D. W. Gardner, Salyersville.
Commonwealth's Attorney, Floyd Arnett, West Liberty.

Circuit Court Clerk, J. D. Lykins.
Trustee Jur. Fund, Lotter Peratt,
Master Commissioner, R. M. Oakley.
Morgan Circuit court begins First Monday in March, Third Monday in June and Fourth Monday in September. 18 judicial days.

KENTUCKY STATE GOVERNMENT.
Governor, A. Owensley Stanley;
Lieutenant Governor, James D. Black;
Secretary of State, Jas. P. Lewis;
Attorney General, M. M. Logan;
Auditor of Public Accounts, K. B. L. Greene;
State Treasurer, Sherman G. Goadsper;
Superintendent of Public Instruction, V. O. Gilbert;
Commissioner of Agriculture, Labor and Statistics, Mat S. Cohen;
Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Rodman W. Keenon;
State Senator Thirty-fourth District, Chas. D. Arnett.

Representative Ninety-first District, D. B. Tyra, Stillwater, Ky.
KENTUCKY COURT OF APPEALS.
Chief Justice
Judge Shackelford Miller, Louisville
Eastern Division
Judge John D. Carroll, New Castle
Judge Gus Thomas, Mayfield
Judge Ernest C. Clarke, Falmouth
Western Division
Judge Warren E. Settle, Bowling Green
Judge Rollin Hurt, Columbia
Judge Flen D. Sampson, Barbourville.
Commissioner of Appeals

William Rogers Clay, Lexington
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.
President, Woodrow Wilson, New Jersey.
Vice President, Thos. R. Marshall, Indiana.
Sec. of State, Robert Lansing, New York
Sec. of Treasury, Wm. G. McAdoo, N. Y.
Sec. of War, Newton D. Baker, Ohio
Attorney-General Thos. W. Gregory, Texa
Postmaster Gen. Albert S. Burleson, Tex
Sec. of Navy, Josephus Daniels, N. C.
Sec. of Interior, Franklin K. Lane, Cal.
Sec. of Agriculture, David F. Houston, Mo.
Sec. of Commerce, Wm. C. Redfield, N. Y.
Sec. of Labor, Wm. B. Wilson, Pa.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT
Chief Justice
Edward D. White, Louisiana
Associate Justices
Joseph McKenna, California
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts
William R. Day, Ohio
Jas. C. McReynolds, Tennessee
John H. Clarke, Ohio
Willis Van Devanter, Wyoming
Louis D. Brandies, Massachusetts
Mahlon Pitney, New Jersey

U. S. DISTRICT COURT
Eastern District of Kentucky
Judge, A. M. J. Cochran, Maysville,
D. R. Keeton, U. S. Commissioner.
LEGISLATIVE
U. S. Senators: Olie M. James,
J. C. W. Beckham,
Congressman 9th Dist., W. J. Fields.

CORRESPONDENCE

DINGUS.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Bradley are both ill. Dump has fever and his wife is suffering from a relapse of measles.

F. M. Ferguson, of Falmouth, was here last week on business and visiting relatives. Frank says he is renting a big farm near Owingsville and will move to it this week.

J. I. Patrick has bought a portion of the Keyser farm owned by Mrs. Mattie Salyer and the heirs of Alex Salyer.

Mrs. A. F. Blevins gave birth to a girl baby one day last week. It lived only a few hours.

P. A. Bradley and family, of Mima, left the first of the week for Fleming county to make their future home. Mr. Bradley purchased a farm near Hillsboro.

Wellington Fraley, who is making his home with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. U. G. Fraley, of Soldier, has returned after spending a few days here with his parents. He was accompanied home by his two sisters, Della and Vera, and his brother, Henry Marcus, who came home the first of the week.

Zetta, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Conley, has a lingering illness contracted from the measles.

John Gullett, who recently moved from Magoffin county to Paintsville, was here on business Saturday.

A. L. Gillum has gone back to New Boston to work after spending about ten days with home folks.

J. K. Patrick and Dewey and Kenney Pack are at Given, O. at work on a railroad.

SLAB.

MAYTOWN.

Mr. and Mrs. James Fletcher of Mt. Sterling, are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Steve R. Arnett.

Mrs. Millard Dennis is very ill. Charley Cottle, of Forest, visited his brother, Gordon Cottle, last week.

Miss Reva Cottle is visiting relatives at Forest.

Bro. Yocum filled his regular appointment at Greasy Sunday.

Rev. A. Rowland is very ill with heart and stomach trouble. Vonley Henry, wife and child, were the guests of Mrs. Henry's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Neff, Thursday.

Born, on the 25th inst., to the wife of Geo. Halsey, a girl.

Mrs. J. W. Ingram is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Neff were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rowland Sunday afternoon.

I. H. Rowland, of DeHart, made a business trip to this place Thursday.

Joseph Rose, of Hazel Green, visited his daughter, Mrs. Stanley Ward, last week.

Misses Jennie, Dorothy and Liz Nickell, of near Ezel, were the guests of their grandfather, J. W. Ingram, Sunday.

M. W. Pieratt and family will leave for Iowa in a few days to spend the summer with his son, Lum Pieratt.

Doyle McClure bought a small tract of land from Millard Bryant.

Duval Smith and son, John, of Omer, visited A. Rowland Saturday.

Jeff Elam, of Pomeroyton, has the smallpox.

Geo. Stacy, of your town, was here electioneering and spent the night with Gordon Cottle.

JUNE.

Local and Personal.

J. E. Whitt, of Caney, was here Monday on business.

Chester Peyton, of Blaze, was here on business last week.

Harry McClain, of Alice, was in town Saturday on business.

Thomas Rasnic, of Sellers, was in town last week on business.

W. H. Fugett, of Yocum, was in the city on business Monday.

M. H. Nickell, of Cannel City, was here on business this week.

Math Lewis, of Licking River, transacted business in town Monday.

W. L. Stacy, of White Oak, was here on business the first of the week.

We have oil leases in stock.

J. D. Cox, of Zag, was in town on business last week.

Willie McGuire, of Bonny, was in town Monday on business.

Assessor O. A. Peyton, of Caney, was here Friday on business.

Chas. Flannery, of Elliott county, was here Thursday on business.

John Brooks, of Ebon, was in town on business the first of the week.

John B. Phipps was in Frankfort on business the first of the week.

Jeff Rose, of Lane, visited his daughter, Mrs. Ward Ely, last week.

J. P. Morris, of Caney, visited and transacted business in town last week.

Miles Ferguson, of Caney, visited his brother, A. T. Ferguson, last week.

C. A. Mullens, of Florress, transacted business in town last Thursday.

W. D. Reed, who has been working at Ashland, came home Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Havens, of Malone, were shopping in town Friday.

Senator C. D. Arnett came up from Frankfort Saturday to visit his family.

A. P. Gullett, Dentist, will be at Lenox April 5, 6 and 7 to do dental work. 354-2

A. L. Dehaven, of Flat Woods, was here on business Thursday of last week.

Ben Allen and Jas. Williams, of White Oak, were here on business last week.

Elder J. L. Ferguson and son, Harlan, of Greear, were here on business Monday.

J. N. Anderson, of Insko, was here this week looking after his business interests.

Stanley Dennis and Luther Pieratt, of Ezel, were here on business Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Caskey, of Lenox, were visiting and shopping in town Wednesday.

Zach Haney, of Cannel City, visited relatives near town Saturday night and Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Blevins, of Index, visited her daughter, Mrs. Denie Lykins, last week.

J. S. Castle, of Stacy Fork, joined the Courier household while in town Thursday.

Mrs. Ollie Lacy and Miss Lute Little, of White Oak, were shopping in town Thursday.

Mrs. Winn Smith, of Wise, Va., is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Menefee Turner.

Jas. Buskirk, of Alice, was in town on business Saturday. Jim subscribed for the Courier while here.

Mrs. Elmer Swetnam, of Keene, is visiting her sisters, Mesdames R. M. and W. G. Oakley and W. W. McClure.

Joe Wheeler, of Liberty Road, who has been attending school at Morehead, was visiting in town Monday.

L. C. Heath, of Lexington, representing the Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co., of St. Louis, Mo., was here last week in the interest of his firm.

Cecil Henry, representing the Burley Tobacco Co., of Louisville, was here Monday. Cecil has sold his Montgomery county farm and bought a farm in Clark county, near Winchester.

Sheriff L. A. Lykins and family have moved to their farm near Tolliver, Wolfe county. The people of West Liberty regret to lose Mr. Lykins and his family and wish them success in their new home.

Mrs. W. S. Potts, who has been at Denton for several months came home last week. Mrs. Potts says that she and Mr. Potts will probably locate in Grayson in the near future.

Miss Hattie McGuire is learning typesetting in the Courier office. Courier girl graduates either get good, paying positions or marry soon after graduating, and we don't know how long we will be able to keep Miss Hattie, as she is an unusually pretty girl.

L. T. Hovermale For County Attorney

Because:

You don't have to guess what he will do as County Attorney—he has been tried and made good.

Eight years of successful stewardship as County Attorney of Menefee county will enable him to meet and master the problems of county better than an inexperienced man.

His election means economy in county business. His record shows a county run on 30c to the \$100.00 and a fifty cent poll tax.

He is industrious and would work six days each week at your business. You are entitled to the whole time of the man you hire.

Why risk an untried man when you can get one that has been tried and proven a success?

Watch these columns for how was done.

George Blanton, of Relief, was in town Tuesday on business.

Dr. S. R. Collier is in Lexington this week on business.

Fred Burrows, of Farmers, was here this week on business.

W. C. Dehaven, of Flat Woods, was in town on business Tuesday.

Ollie Blair, of Wrigley, was in town Monday calling on our grocers.

J. H. Williams and family have moved back to Jones creek for the summer.

Esq. A. F. Blevins, of Dingus, was a business caller at the Courier office Monday.

Jas. E. Ferguson and Jas. Day, of Crockett, were business callers at the Courier office while in town Tuesday.

Miss Ina Cottle visited her sister, Miss Hazel, who is foreman of the Hazel Green Herald, at Hazel Green last week.

Dr. C. C. Wheeler, of Caney, was in town this week. He says that there are still several cases of measles and smallpox in his town.

I have a nice line of Ladies' Misses' and Children's Spring Hats. I invite the ladies to call at my home and see them.

MRS. T. B. STURDIVENT.

Melvin, Ill., Mar. 25, 1917.

Mr. H. G. Cottle,

West Liberty, Ky.

You will find inclosed fifty cents in stamps for which send me the Licking Valley Courier for six months, as I don't like to do without the paper.

Yours truly,

LEONARD PEYTON.

For Sale.

Fifty or sixty bales of nice bright straw. W. A. CASKEY, West Liberty, Ky.

Small Gas Well.

The Morgan County Heat, Fuel & Light Company's well on the Josh Walsh farm near the mouth of Lick branch was drilled 15 feet into the sand Monday. There was no showing of oil but a fairly strong flow of gas was struck. It is understood that the well will be drilled a few feet deeper and then shot in order to give it a thorough test.

At least two more wells will be drilled in adjacent territory.

There are some poultry houses which can be smelled a mile. The hens that stay in them seldom lay eggs.—Southern Agriculturist.

To the People of the Ninth Congressional District.

I want to congratulate the people of the Ninth Congressional District on their selection of a Congressman. I have just spent a week at the Capitol, and while there I had a good opportunity to observe Congressmen and their records and methods, not only Kentucky's Congressmen but those from the various States.

Congressman Fields is a statesman that looms large in affairs at the Capitol. He has a record for industry, and for high and noble character that is unsurpassed in the record of any Congressman.

It is surprising to know that as busy a man as Congressman Fields could give his personal attention to every letter from his constituents, but this is what Congressman Fields does. He seems to have as much consideration for his constituents as if they were face to face with him. Congressman Fields' ability as a member of one of the most important committees of the House is recognized by the statesmen of the country. He is the ranking member of the Committee on Military Affairs and is considered an authority on this important subject.

Congressman Fields is never too busy to stop and help somebody. He has a way of making the most timid feel perfectly at ease in his presence, and when he makes a friend he has a way of keeping him. I believe that the interests of the people of the Ninth District are in safe hands as long as they are in the hands of W. J. Fields.

Yours truly,

R. E. JAGGERS,

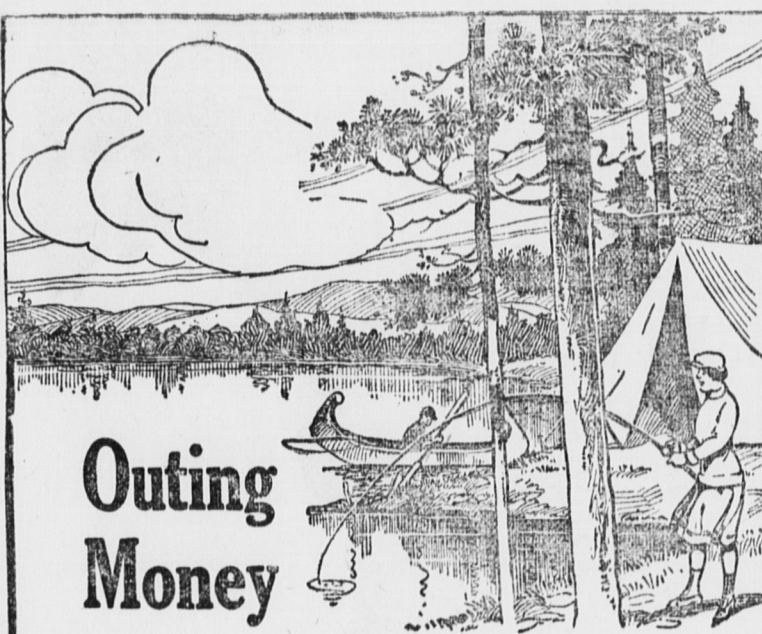
Bowling Green, Ky.

Big Suit Filed Here.

State Escheator R. C. Oldham, has filed suit in the Morgan Circuit Court against the Deposit Bank of Carlisle in an attempt to escheat to the State certain valuable coal lands said to be owned by the bank in violation of the law which prohibits a corporation from holding property for more than five years except in the pursuit of its business.

The petition alleges that the bank acquired the property under a forced sale in bankruptcy in February, 1912.

BOOKKEEPING
Business, Phonography
TYPEWRITING and
TELEGRAPHY
WILBUR R. SMITH BUSINESS COLLEGE
Inc. and Successors, Commercial College Ky., University
The President has years of experience in mercantile
and banking business, also an years educating 2000
young men and women for business. 528 State new.
JAMES WILBUR R. SMITH, Lexington, Ky.



Outing Money

Have you ever had the price to take a real vacation—away from everything you're tired of and all the old places?

YOUR VACATION

this year can be the best you've known if you begin now to save for it. Start an account with us today and watch the pile grow—truly an inspiring sight!

COMMERCIAL BANK,

West Liberty, Ky.

Capital Stock and Surplus

\$18,000

S. R. COLLIER, President.

I. C. FERGUSON, Vice-President.

W. D. ARCHIBALD, Cashier.

OHIO & KENTUCKY RAILWAY

TRAIN SCHEDULE Effective July 10, 1916

| SOUTH BOUND | | NORTH BOUND | |
|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|
| 19 Daily | 17 Daily | 16 Daily | 18 Daily |
| P.M. | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. |
| STATIONS | | | |
| 139 | 7 40 | 7 30 | 12 50 |
| 142 | 7 52 | 7 20 | 12 50 |
| 1 50 | 8 00 | 7 12 | 12 32 |
| 2 08 | 8 17 | 7 12 | 12 32 |
| 2 12 | 8 22 | 6 55 | 12 15 |
| | | 6 50 | 12 00 |
| 2 31 | 8 42 | 11 34 | 5 58 |
| 2 37 | 8 48 | 11 28 | 5 52 |
| 3 04 | 9 16 | 11 00 | 5 24 |
| 3 35 | 9 45 | 11 30 | 4 55 |
| P.M. | A.M. | A.M. | P.M. |
| Arrive | Arrive | Leave | Leave |
| 19 | 17 | 16 | 18 |

Train 17, leaving Index at 7 52 A.M. makes connection at O. & K. Junction with L. & N. train for Lexington and Louisville, Winchester and Cincinnati, leaving O. & K. Junction at 10 05 a. m., and due to arrive at Lexington 2 25 p. m. This train also makes connection at Jackson with L. & N. train for Hazard and McRoberts.

L. & N. train No. 1 leaves Lexington 7 00 a. m., running via Clay City and Torment, makes connection at O. & K. Junction with train No. 18, due to arrive at Cannel City 11 50 a. m., Cannel City 12 15 p. m., Cannel City 12 30 p. m.

Returning, train 19 leaves Index 1 42 p. m., Cannel City 2 08 p. m., Cannel City 2 12 p. m., makes connection at O. & K. Junction with L. & N. train No. 6 at 4 45 p. m., running via Maloney and Clay City, due to arrive in Lexington at 8 30 p. m. Passenger who desire to reach stations on the old L. & E. line between Maloney and Winchester should take this train.

L. & N. train No. 3 leaves Lexington 11 45 a. m., Winchester 12 30, running via Irvine and Beattyville, makes connection at O. & K. Junction with O. & K. train No. 20, due to arrive Cannel City at 4 15 p. m.

This arrangement affords two outbound and two inbound connections for Cannel City from both Lexington and McRoberts, and two outbound and one inbound connection for Index, Caney and other Caney Valley points.

Cincinnati, O., Mar. 20, 1917.

Editor Courier,

West Liberty, Ky.

Dear Gardner:

Find enclosed \$1.00 for which please send me the Courier for one year, dating my subscription from March 1, and please send me all back copies since that date.

I am now acting clerk in the Cincinnati Terminal R. P. O. and like the work fine.

Wishing the Courier success, I am

Yours respectfully,

TONY H. CARTER.

Explaining Fluency of Speech.

The common fluency of speech in many persons is owing to a scarcity of matter and a scarcity of words; for whoever is a master of language and has a mind full of ideas, will be apt in speaking to hesitate upon the choice of both; whereas common speakers have only one set of ideas, and one set of words to clothe them in, and these are always ready at the mouth, so people come faster out of a church when it is almost empty than when a crowd is at the door.—Swift.

Harvesting Corn With Hogs.

Hogging down corn is an economical and practical way of fattening hogs and of harvesting corn. For best results some supplementary feed like alfalfa or clover is advisable. If you have such a field adjoining the corn field the combination is ideal. If neither of these crops is available and you have a stand of rape in the oats stubble or cornstalks, this makes a good combination. You have to plan ahead to get

this, and many farmers sow a little rape in the corn along in July, especially if there is a thin stand of corn.

In the absence of pasture good results are obtained from such feeds as tankage, oil meal or meat meal. These can be fed as a slop or in a self-feeder with corn. With both available the pig will balance the ration to suit himself and will balance it about right.—Exchange.

Advertisement for Bids.

The Morgan County Board of Education will on

Monday, April 9, 1917, receive bids for the erection of school houses at the following places:

Educational Division No. 4, sub-district No. 4, or Williams creek.

Educational Division No. 3, sub-district No. 13, or White Oak.

Contracts will be let to the highest and best bidder.

County Board of Education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Specifications can be had at the office of the County Superintendent. JAS. W. DAVIS, 353-2 County Supt.

PATENTS
Trade marks and copyrights obtained or prosecuted. Send model, sketches or photos and description for FREE SEARCH and report on patentability. Think before you act. **FATHERS CHILD POETRIES** for you. Our free booklet shows what to invent and save you money. Write today.
D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

Women!
Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Paducah, Ky.: "I suffered with painful..." she writes. "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs... I felt helpless and discouraged... I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stronger than I have been in years. If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

Get One While You Can.

We have a few copies of Col. J. T. Hazelrigg's Centennial Historical Address left and we are going to give our readers a chance to get a copy at a figure below the actual cost of production. This booklet contains the only authentic history of Morgan county ever written. Col. Hazelrigg was a master in the art of diction. No one can read this masterpiece of his without gaining inspiration therefrom.

They will, in all probability, never again be reprinted. Your children will treasure them as priceless heirlooms. We are closing them out at 25 cents per copy—get one while they last. Address

THE COURIER,
West Liberty, Ky.

NEW HACK LINE

WEST LIBERTY—INDEX

C. L. PERRY

Beginning July 1, 1916

Hacks meet all O. & K. trains. Passenger fare, 25 cents

JAS. M. ELAM,
JEWELER.
WEST LIBERTY, KY.



A. T. FERGUSON,

First in Style,

First in Fit,

First in the Hearts of

Well-Dressed Men

Come in and let me measure you for that SPRING SUIT.

Yours for co-operation,

A. T. FERGUSON.

Notice.

Notice is here by given that Sam Salyer and Patton Holiday convicted of confederating at the March term 1916 of the Morgan Circuit Court will make application for a Parole at the April meeting of the Board of Prison Commissioners. (signed)

SAM SALYERS
PATTON HOLIDAY.